

DUO ROTA-ADENOVIRUS CARD

Qualitative Determination of
Rotavirus and Adenovirus in Stool

20 tests

REF 4058

INTRODUCTION

Rotavirus and Adenovirus are major causes of infectious gastroenteritis in infants and children, also observed in adults. They are transmitted by fecal-oral contact. Main symptoms of viral gastroenteritis are watery diarrhoea and vomiting, sometimes with headache, fever and abdominal cramps. In general, symptoms begin 1 to 2 days following infection and may last for 1 to 10 days, depending on which virus cause illness (Rotavirus 3 days and Adenovirus 5-8 days).

PRINCIPLE

Duo Rota-Adenovirus card is a sensitive and simple test for a fast and reliable detection of rotavirus and adenovirus in stool.

During testing, sample is allowed to react with the coloured conjugate monoclonal antibodies (RED for anti-rotavirus and BLUE for anti-adenovirus) which was pre-dried on the test. The mixture then moves upward on the membrane by capillary action. As the sample flows through the test membrane, the coloured particles migrate. In the case of positive result, the specific antibodies present on the membrane will capture the coloured particles. Different coloured lines will be visible, depending upon the virus content of the sample. These lines are used to interpret the result. The mixture continues to move across the membrane to the immobilized antibody placed in the control band region, a GREEN colored band always appear. The presence of this green band serves as: a) verification that sufficient volume is added, 2) that proper flow is obtained, 3) as an internal control for the reagents.

REAGENTS

Kit components:

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Cards 20
*Collection vials 20
Labels 40

(vials contain 2 ml of extraction solution)

Instruction leaflet 1

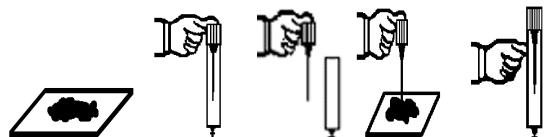
STABILITY: if stored at room temperature (4-30°C) and in their original packages, cards and reagents are stable up to expiry date printed on the package. Do not freeze.

SAMPLE

1. Collect stool samples as soon as possible after the beginning of symptoms. Samples may be stored at -2-8°C for 1-2 days or frozen at -20°C. Do not freeze again.

2. Label each collection vials with patient's name

3. Unscrew the top of sample collection device and dip the stick in the sample. Return the sample collection stick inside the collection device and screw it firmly. Shake well to facilitate sample dissolution. Repeat this operation un other time to collect an enough quantity of stool. If stool is liquid, put into the tube 100 µl of liquid. Shake well to facilitate sample dissolution.



TEST PROCEDURE

1. Bring all reagents at room temperature (15-30°C).

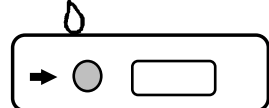
2. Remove the card from its sealed bag just before using

3. **Hold the cap with forefinger and thumb and break it, so it becomes a practical dropper. WARNING: to avoid accidental liquid overflow while breaking it, hold it upright with the fracture point above. During the operation wear proper personal protection means.**



Squeeze the vial, pipette a few drops and discard them.

4. Place the vial above well on the card (→) and pipette 6 buffer drops (150 µl) slowly



5. Read the results after 10 minutes.

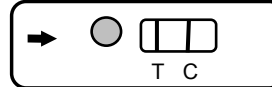
INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

NEGATIVE RESULT



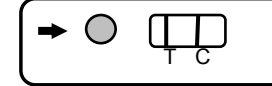
Only 1 **GREEN** band appears across the central window in the site marked with the letter C (control line).

POSITIVE RESULT ROTAVIRUS



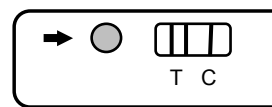
In addition to the GREEN control band, a distinguishable **RED** also appears in the site marked with the letter T (test line).

POSITIVE RESULT ADENOVIRUS



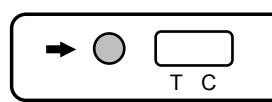
In addition to the GREEN control band, a distinguishable **BLUE** also appears in the site marked with the letter T (test line).

POSITIVE RESULT ROTAVIRUS-ADENOVIRUS



In addition to the GREEN control band, two distinguishable bands, one **RED** and the other **BLUE**, also appear in the site marked with the letter T (test line).

INCONCLUSIVE RESULT



A total absence of the control colored band (GREEN) regardless the appearance or not of the test line (RED and/or BLUE).

Insufficient specimen volume, incorrect procedural techniques or deterioration of the reagents are the most likely reasons for control line failure. Review the procedure and repeat the tests with a new test. If the problem persists, contact your local distributor.

PERFORMANCE

The evaluation was conducted comparing results obtained using FAR Duo Rota-Adenovirus Card to another commercial available Rota-Adeno card.

Sensitivity: detection of Rotavirus showed a 100% of concordance in sensibility. Detection of Adenovirus showed a 90% of concordance in sensibility.

Specificity: detection of Rotavirus showed a 98% of concordance in specificity. Detection of Adenovirus showed a 100% in concordance in specificity.

LIMITATIONS AND NOTES

- (*) Dangerous reagents are marked by an asterisk. Refer to MSDS.
- The intensity of red or blue band in the result line region (T) will vary depending on concentration of antigens present in the specimen. However, neither quantitative value nor rate of increase in antigens can be determined by this qualitative test.
- The test must be carried out within 2 hours of opening the sealed bag.
- This test provides a presumptive diagnosis for Rotavirus and/or Adenovirus infections. A confirmed infection diagnosis should only be made by a physician after all clinical and laboratory findings have been evaluated.
- After one week of infection, the number of viruses in faeces is decreasing, making sample less reactive. Stool samples should be collected within one week on the onset of symptoms.
- All reagents and materials which come in touch with potentially infective samples must be treated with suitable disinfectants or with autoclave at 121°C for at least 1 hour.
- Disposal of all waste material should be in accordance with law.

REFERENCE

- Beards et al. J. Clin. Micr. Feb 1984, p. 248-254



Issue 02 - Mar 2015 RR



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